



B15001. SEX BY AGE BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT FOR THE POPULATION 18 YEARS AND OVER - Universe: POPULATION 18 YEARS AND OVER

Data Set: [2009 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates](#)

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE. Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the [official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties](#).

For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [Survey Methodology](#).

View the [collapsed version of this table](#). Geographies missing from this table are listed below the table.

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	514,961	+/-957
Male:	266,745	+/-1,033
18 to 24 years:	45,554	+/-1,754
Less than 9th grade	825	+/-536
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	8,158	+/-1,819
High school graduate, GED, or alternative	17,644	+/-2,191
Some college, no degree	16,582	+/-2,468
Associate's degree	793	+/-523
Bachelor's degree	1,552	+/-673
Graduate or professional degree	0	+/-244
25 to 34 years:	54,916	+/-2,333
Less than 9th grade	656	+/-323
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	3,995	+/-1,151
High school graduate, GED, or alternative	18,465	+/-1,960
Some college, no degree	17,881	+/-2,388
Associate's degree	3,462	+/-938
Bachelor's degree	8,462	+/-1,786
Graduate or professional degree	1,995	+/-624
35 to 44 years:	45,919	+/-1,655
Less than 9th grade	660	+/-448
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	2,447	+/-862
High school graduate, GED, or alternative	14,328	+/-1,588
Some college, no degree	14,519	+/-1,581
Associate's degree	4,092	+/-1,113
Bachelor's degree	6,610	+/-1,027
Graduate or professional degree	3,263	+/-811
45 to 64 years:	95,741	+/-1,896
Less than 9th grade	2,296	+/-641
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	4,683	+/-1,118
High school graduate, GED, or alternative	29,307	+/-2,206
Some college, no degree	24,584	+/-2,019
Associate's degree	7,127	+/-1,060
Bachelor's degree	15,697	+/-1,728
Graduate or professional degree	12,047	+/-1,382
65 years and over:	24,615	+/-849
Less than 9th grade	2,468	+/-540
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	1,983	+/-526
High school graduate, GED, or alternative	6,435	+/-1,117
Some college, no degree	6,456	+/-904
Associate's degree	1,225	+/-516
Bachelor's degree	3,600	+/-740
Graduate or professional degree	2,448	+/-600
Female:	248,216	+/-908
18 to 24 years:	38,229	+/-1,329
Less than 9th grade	409	+/-364
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	6,138	+/-1,428
High school graduate, GED, or alternative	12,511	+/-1,873
Some college, no degree	16,135	+/-1,490
Associate's degree	720	+/-404
Bachelor's degree	2,077	+/-758
Graduate or professional degree	239	+/-296
25 to 34 years:	46,873	+/-1,187
Less than 9th grade	467	+/-366
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	2,569	+/-1,041
High school graduate, GED, or alternative	11,707	+/-1,505
Some college, no degree	15,874	+/-2,042
Associate's degree	3,498	+/-897
Bachelor's degree	10,068	+/-1,280
Graduate or professional degree	2,690	+/-839
35 to 44 years:	45,271	+/-1,387
Less than 9th grade	928	+/-561
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	2,256	+/-714
High school graduate, GED, or alternative	11,275	+/-1,537
Some college, no degree	13,586	+/-2,148
Associate's degree	4,456	+/-917
Bachelor's degree	9,051	+/-1,565
Graduate or professional degree	3,719	+/-733

45 to 64 years:	90,515	+/-1,290
Less than 9th grade	1,643	+/-651
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	3,581	+/-780
High school graduate, GED, or alternative	20,796	+/-2,274
Some college, no degree	27,785	+/-1,658
Associate's degree	7,484	+/-1,012
Bachelor's degree	18,856	+/-1,818
Graduate or professional degree	10,370	+/-1,542
65 years and over:	27,328	+/-942
Less than 9th grade	3,976	+/-818
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	2,464	+/-810
High school graduate, GED, or alternative	7,182	+/-1,086
Some college, no degree	6,859	+/-994
Associate's degree	1,188	+/-477
Bachelor's degree	3,472	+/-697
Graduate or professional degree	2,187	+/-569

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An "****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An "****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An "*****" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

Standard Error/Variance documentation for this dataset:

[Accuracy of the Data](#)